Report to: Audit Committee

Date: **11 October 2018**

Title: Internal Audit Charter & Strategy 2018/19

Portfolio Area: Support Services – Cllr N Hopwood

Wards Affected: All

Relevant Scrutiny Committee: Overview and Scrutiny Panel

Urgent Decision: N Approval and Y

clearance obtained:

Author: **Dominic** Role: **Audit Manager**

Measures Head of Partnership

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Recommendations:

It is recommended that the Audit Committee review and approve the Internal Audit Charter and Strategy 2018/19.

1. Executive Summary

The purpose of this report is to allow the Audit Committee to review and comment upon the Internal Audit Charter and Strategy for 2018/19.

Internal audit management is provided by Devon Audit Partnership (DAP) via a contracted arrangement; the DAP Audit Manager liaises with senior management and the audit committee on all internal audit matters.

The standards for proper practice for internal audit are contained in the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) (Institute of Internal Auditors and CIPFA). Both the Charter and Strategy comply with the mandatory requirements of the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards.

The PSIAS require that the Charter and Audit Strategy are presented to the Audit Committee for review and approval. These documents are discussed in this report, with the Charter attached at Appendix A and Audit Strategy at Appendix B.

There are only minor amendments from the Charter and Strategy documents approved by the Audit Committee in September 2017. These are:

Audit Charter

- a. Inclusion of Section entitled "Mission";
- b. Minor re-wording in Section entitled "Being Independent";
- c. Re-arrangement of words in Section entitled "Internal Audit Management"
- d. Inclusion of 30 days management response to draft report in Section entitled "Reporting".

Audit Strategy

a. Re-wording in "Introduction".

2. Background

Internal Audit is a statutory service in the context of The Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2015, which state that:

"5.—(1) A relevant authority must undertake an effective internal audit to evaluate the effectiveness of its risk management, control and governance processes, taking into account public sector internal auditing standards (PSIAS) or guidance"

In addition, the Local Government Act 1972, Section 151, requires every local authority to designate an officer to be responsible for the proper administration of its financial affairs. In the Council, the Strategic Finance Lead, Strategy and Commissioning, is the 'Section 151 Officer'. One of the ways in which this duty is discharged is by maintaining an adequate and effective internal audit service.

Proper practice is that contained in the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) and guidance as issued by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance & Accountancy (CIPFA) in their Local Government Application Note (LGAN).

3. Outcomes/Outputs

One of the requirements of the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) is that the purpose, authority and responsibility of the internal audit activity must be formally defined in an internal audit charter and strategy, consistent with the Definition of Internal Auditing, the Code of Ethics and the Standards.

The PSIAS sets additional Public Sector requirements where the Audit Charter must also:

- define the terms 'board' and 'senior management' for the purposes of internal audit activity;
- cover the arrangements for appropriate resourcing;
- define the role of internal audit in any fraud-related work; and
- include arrangements for avoiding conflicts of interest if internal audit undertakes non-audit activities.

The Audit Strategy is a high-level statement of how the internal audit service will be delivered and developed in accordance with the Charter and how it links to the organisational objectives and priorities. It will communicate the contribution that Internal Audit makes to the organisation and should include:

- internal audit objectives and outcomes;
- how the DAP Audit Manager will form and evidence their opinion on the governance, risk and control framework to support the Annual Governance Statement;
- how Internal Audit's work will identify and address significant local and national issues and risks;
- how the service will be provided, and
- the resources and skills required to deliver the Strategy.

The Charter says that the Strategy should be approved, but not directed, by the Audit Committee.

The internal audit charter and strategy for the financial year 2018/19 are set out at **Appendix A** and **Appendix B** respectively.

4. Options available and consideration of risk

No alternative option has been considered as the failure to maintain an adequate and effective system of internal audit would contravene the Accounts and Audit Regulations, 2003, 2006, 2011 and 2015 and the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards.

5. Proposed Way Forward

The Head of Paid Service, in conjunction with the Section 151 Officer to the Council are responsible for ensuring the provision of an effective and appropriate internal audit service. The internal audit function is delivered by way of Devon Audit Partnership, via the DAP Audit Manager and the Council's in-house audit team.

6. Implications

Implications	Relevant to proposals Y/N	Details and proposed measures to address		
Legal/Governance	Y	The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 issued by the Secretary of State requires every relevant local authority to "undertake an effective internal audit to evaluate the effectiveness of its risk management, control and governance processes, taking into account public sector internal auditing standards (PSIAS) or guidance". The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) apply the Institute of Internal Audit (IIA) International Standards to the UK Public Sector and promote professionalism, quality, consistency and effectiveness of internal audit.		
Financial	Y	There are no additional or new financial implications arising from this report. The cost of the internal audit team is in line with budget expectations.		
Risk	Y	The work of the internal audit service is an intrinsic element of the Council's overall corporate governance, risk management and internal control framework.		
Comprehensive Impact Assessment Implications				
Equality and Diversity	N	There are no specific equality and diversity issues arising from this report.		
Safeguarding	N	There are no specific safeguarding issues arising from this report.		
Community Safety, Crime and Disorder	N	There are no specific community safety, crime and disorder issues arising from this report.		
Health, Safety and Wellbeing	N	There are no specific health, safety and wellbeing issues arising from this report.		
Other implications	N	There are no other specific implications arising from this report.		

Supporting Information

Appendices:

There are no separate appendices to this report.

Background Papers:

Public Sector Internal Audit Standards 2018/19 Service Level Agreement

Approval and clearance of report

Process checklist	Completed
Portfolio Holder briefed	Yes
SLT Rep briefed	Yes
Relevant Exec Director sign off (draft)	Yes
Data protection issues considered	Yes
If exempt information, public (part 1) report	N/A
also drafted. (Committee/Scrutiny)	

SOUTH HAMS DISTRICT COUNCIL INTERNAL AUDIT CHARTER

Mission

The Mission of Devon Audit Partnership is to enhance and protect organisational value by providing risk based and objective assurance, advice and insight across its partners.

Terms of Reference

This Charter formally describes the purpose, authority, and principal responsibilities of the Council's Internal Audit Service and the scope of Internal Audit work. This Charter complies with the mandatory requirements of the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards.

Definitions

Internal auditing is defined by the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) as "an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organisation's operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes".

The PSIAS set out the requirements of a 'Board' and of 'senior management'. For the purposes of the internal audit activity within South Hams District Council, the role of the Board within the Standards is taken by the Council's Audit Committee and senior management is the Council's Senior Leadership Team.

The PSIAS make reference to the role of "Chief Internal Auditor"; this role is fulfilled by the Devon Audit Partnership (DAP) Audit Manager.

Statutory Requirements

Internal Audit is a statutory service in the context of The Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2015, which state:

5.—(1) A relevant authority must undertake an effective internal audit to evaluate the effectiveness of its risk management, control and governance processes, taking into account public sector internal auditing standards or guidance.

In addition, the Local Government Act 1972, Section 151, requires every local authority to designate an officer to be responsible for the proper administration of its financial affairs. In the Council, the Strategic Finance Lead, Strategy and Commissioning, is the 'Section 151 Officer'. One of the ways in which this duty is discharged is by maintaining an adequate and effective internal audit service.

The Purpose and Aim of Internal Audit

The role of Internal Audit is to understand the key risks of the Council; to examine and evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of the system of risk management and the entire control environment as operated throughout the organisation and contribute to the proper, economic, efficient and effective use of resources. In addition, the other objectives of the function are to:

- support the Section 151 Officer to discharge her statutory duties
- contribute to and support the Finance function in ensuring the provision of, and promoting the need for, sound financial systems;
- support the corporate efficiency and resource management processes by conducting value for money and efficiency studies and supporting the work of corporate working groups as appropriate;
- provide a quality fraud investigation service which safeguards public monies.

The existence of Internal Audit does not diminish the responsibility of management to establish systems of internal control to ensure that activities are conducted in a secure, efficient and well-ordered manner.

Internal Audit for South Hams District Council is provided by Devon Audit Partnership (DAP). We aim to provide a high quality, professional, effective and efficient Internal Audit Service to the Members, service areas and units of the Council, adding value whenever possible.

Professionalism, Ethics and Independence

Being Professional

We (Devon Audit Partnership) will adhere to the relevant codes and guidance. In particular, we adhere to the Institute of Internal Auditors' (IIA's) mandatory guidance including the Definition of Internal Auditing, the Code of Ethics, and the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards. This mandatory guidance constitutes principles of the fundamental requirements for the professional practice of internal auditing within the public sector and for evaluating the effectiveness of Internal Audit's performance. The IIA's Practice Advisories, Practice Guides, and Position Papers will also be adhered to as applicable to guide operations. In addition, Internal Audit will adhere to the Council's relevant policies and procedures and the internal audit manual.

Internal Auditors must apply the care and skill expected of a reasonably prudent and competent internal auditor. Due professional care does not, however, imply infallibility.

Our Ethics

Internal auditors in UK public sector organisations must conform to the Code of Ethics as set out by The Institute of Internal Auditors. This Code of Ethics promotes an ethical culture in the profession of internal auditing. If individual internal auditors have membership of another professional body then he or she must also comply with the relevant requirements of that organisation.

The Code of Ethics extends beyond the definition of internal auditing to include two essential components:

- 1. Principles that are relevant to the profession and practice of internal auditing;
- 2. Rules of Conduct that describe behaviour norms expected of internal auditors.

The Code of Ethics provides guidance to internal auditors serving others, and applies to both individuals and entities that provide internal auditing services.

The Code of Ethics promotes an ethical, professional culture. It does not supersede or replace Codes of Ethics of employing organisations. Internal auditors must also have regard to the Committee on Standards of Public Life's Seven Principles of Public Life.

Being Independent

Internal Audit is independent of the activities that it audits.

The status of Internal Audit should enable it to function effectively. The support of the Council is essential and recognition of the independence of Internal Audit is fundamental to its effectiveness.

The Audit Manager should have direct access to and freedom to report in his own name and without fear or favour to, all officers and members and particularly to those charged with governance (the Audit Committee). In the event of the necessity arising, the facility also exists for Internal Audit to have direct access to the the Head of Paid Service, the S.151 Officer and the Chair of the Audit Committee.

The Council should make arrangements for Internal Audit to have adequate budgetary resources to maintain organisational independence.

The Audit Manager should have sufficient status to facilitate the effective discussion of audit strategies, audit plans, audit reports and action plans with senior management and members of the Council.

Auditors should be mindful of being independent. They;

- Must have an objective attitude of mind and be in a sufficiently independent position to be able to exercise judgment, express opinions and present recommendations with impartiality;
- Notwithstanding employment by the Partnership / Council, must be free from any conflict of interest arising from any professional or personal relationships or from any pecuniary or other interests in an activity or organisation which is subject to audit;
- Must be free from undue influences which either restrict or modify the scope or conduct of their work or significantly affect judgment as to the content of the internal audit report; and
- Must not allow their objectivity to be impaired by auditing an activity for which they have or have had responsibility.

Authority

Internal Audit, with strict accountability for confidentiality and safeguarding records and information, will be given right of access to all records, assets, personnel and premises, including those of partner organisations and authority to obtain such information and explanations as it considers necessary to fulfil its responsibilities. This right will be established in the Council's Delegation to Specific Officers and Financial Procedure Rules within the Constitution.

All employees are requested to assist Internal Audit in fulfilling its roles and responsibilities. This is enforced in the Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2015 section 5(2-3) that state that:

- (2) Any officer or member of a relevant authority must, if required to do so for the purposes of the internal audit—
 - (a) make available such documents and records; and
 - (b) supply such information and explanations;

as are considered necessary by those conducting the internal audit.

(3) In this regulation "documents and records" includes information recorded in an electronic form.

In addition, Internal Audit, through the Audit Manager, where deemed necessary, will have unrestricted access to:

- Head of Paid Service and the Senior Leadership Team;
- Members;
- Section 151 Officer;
- Monitoring Officer;
- Individual Members of the Extended Leadership Team;
- All authority employees;
- All authority premises.

Accountability

Devon Audit Partnership is a shared service established and managed via a Partnership Committee and Board with representation from each of the founding partners. The Partnership operates as a separate entity from the client authorities and Internal Audit is therefore independent of the activities which it audits. This ensures unbiased judgements essential to proper conduct and the provision of impartial advice to management. Devon Audit Partnership operates within a framework that allows the following:

- unrestricted access to senior management and members
- reporting in its own name
- separation from line operations

Every effort will be made to preserve objectivity by ensuring that all audit staff are free from any conflicts of interest and do not, ordinarily, undertake any non-audit duties.

The DAP Audit Manager fulfils the role of Chief Auditor at the Authority and will confirm to the Audit Committee, at least annually, the organisational independence of the internal audit activity.

The Section 151 Officer will liaise with the Audit Manager and is therefore responsible for monitoring performance and ensuring independence.

Internal Auditors must exhibit the highest level of professional objectivity in gathering, evaluating, and communicating information about the activity or process being examined. Internal Auditors must make a balanced assessment of all the relevant circumstances and not be unduly influenced by their own interests or by others in forming judgments.

The Audit Manager reports functionally to the Audit Committee who:

- Approve the internal audit charter;
- Approve the risk based internal audit plan;
- Receive reports from the Audit Manager on the section's performance against the plan and other matters;
- Approve the Audit Manager's annual report.
- Approve the review of the effectiveness of the system of internal audit.

The Audit Manager has direct access to the Chair of Audit Committee and has the opportunity to meet with the Audit Committee in private.

Responsibilities

The Head of Paid Service, Senior Leadership Team and other senior officers are responsible for ensuring that internal control arrangements are sufficient to address the risks facing their services.

The Audit Manager will provide assurance to the Section 151 Officer regarding the adequacy and effectiveness of the Council's financial framework, helping meet obligations under the LGA 1972 Section 151.

The Audit Manager will provide assurance to the Monitoring Officer in relation to the adequacy and effectiveness of the systems of governance within the Council helping her meet obligations under the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 and the Council's Constitution. She will also work with the Monitoring Officer to ensure the effective implementation of the Council's Whistleblowing Policy.

Internal Audit responsibilities include but are not limited to:

- Examining and evaluating the soundness, adequacy and application of the Council's systems of internal control, risk management and corporate governance arrangements;
- Reviewing the reliability and integrity of financial and operating information and the means used to identify, measure, classify and report such information;
- Reviewing the systems established to ensure compliance with those policies, plans, procedures and regulations which could have a significant impact on operations;
- Reviewing the means of safeguarding assets and, as appropriate, verifying the existence of such assets;
- Investigating alleged fraud and other irregularities referred to the service by management, or concerns of fraud or other irregularities arising from audits, where it is considered that an independent investigation cannot be carried out by management;

- Appraising the economy, efficiency and effectiveness with which resources are employed and the quality of performance in carrying out assigned duties including Value for Money Studies;
- Working in partnership with other bodies to secure robust internal controls that protect the Council's interests;
- Advising on internal control implications of new systems;
- Providing consulting and advisory services related to governance, risk management and control as appropriate for the organisation;
- Being responsible for reporting significant risk exposures and control issues identified to the Audit Committee and to senior management, including fraud risks, governance issues.

Internal Audit Management

The PSIAS describe the requirement for the management of the internal audit function. They set out various criteria that the Audit Manager (as Chief Internal Auditor) must meet, and includes:-:

- Being appropriately qualified;
- Determining the priorities of, deliver and manage the Council's internal audit service through a risk based annual audit plan;
- Regularly liaise with the Council's external auditors to ensure that scarce audit resources are used effectively;
- Include in the plan the approach to using other sources of assurance if appropriate;
- Be accountable, report and build a relationship with the Council's Audit Committee and S.151 Officer; and
- Monitor and report upon the effectiveness of the service delivered and compliance with professional and ethical standards.

These criteria are brought together in an Audit Strategy which explains how the service will be delivered and reflect the resources and skills required.

The Audit Manager is required to give an annual audit opinion on the governance, risk and control framework based on the audit work done.

The Audit Manager should also have the opportunity for free and unfettered access to the Head of Paid Service and meet periodically with the S.151 Officer and the Monitoring Officer to discuss issues that may impact on the Council's governance, risk and control framework and agree any action required.

Internal Audit Plan and Resources

At least annually, the Audit Manager will submit to the Audit Committee a risk-based internal audit plan for review and approval. The Audit Manager will:

- Develop, in consultation with the Executive Directors and Group Managers, an annual audit plan based on an understanding of the significant risks to which the organisation is exposed;
- Submit the plan to the Audit Committee for review and agreement;
- Implement the agreed audit plan;

- Maintain a professional audit staff with sufficient knowledge, skills and experience to carry out the plan and carry out continuous review of the development and training needs;
- Maintain a programme of quality assurance and a culture of continuous improvement.

The internal audit plan will include budget and resource requirements for the next fiscal year. The Audit Manager will communicate the impact of resource limitations and significant interim changes to senior management and the Audit Committee.

Internal Audit resources must be appropriately targeted by assessing the risk, materiality and dependency of the Council's systems and processes. Any significant deviation from the approved Internal Audit plan will be communicated through the periodic activity reporting process.

In accordance with the requirements of the Council's Anti Fraud, Corruption and Bribery Policy and Strategy it is management's responsibility to maintain the internal control system and to ensure that the organisation's resources are properly applied in the manner and on the activities intended. This includes responsibility for managing the risk of fraud and other illegal acts and informing the Audit Manager when fraud is suspected or identified. Depending on the nature and anticipated extent of the allegations, Internal Audit will normally work closely with management and other agencies such as the Police to ensure that all allegations and evidence are properly investigated and reported upon.

Internal Audit activities will be conducted in accordance with Council strategic objectives and established policies and procedures.

Monitoring of Internal Audit's processes is carried out on a continuous basis by Internal Audit management, and the Council's members and management may rely on the professional expertise of the Audit Manager to provide assurance. From time to time, independent review is carried out: for example, through peer reviews; ensuring compliance with the PSIAS is an essential approach to such a review.

Reporting

The primary purpose of Internal Audit reporting is to communicate to management within the organisation information that provides an independent and objective opinion on governance, the control environment and risk exposure and to prompt management to implement agreed actions.

Internal Audit should have direct access and freedom to report in their own name and without fear or favour to, all officers and members, particularly to those charged with governance (the Audit Committee).

A written report will be prepared for each internal audit project and issued to the appropriate manager accountable for the activities under review. Reports will include an 'opinion' on the risk and adequacy of controls in the area that has been audited, which, together, will form the basis of the annual audit opinion on the overall control environment.

The aim of every Internal Audit report should be:

- To give an opinion on the risk and controls of the area under review, building up to the annual opinion on the control environment; and
- To recommend and agree actions for change leading to improvement in governance, risk management, the control environment and performance.

The Manager will be asked to respond to the report in writing, within 30 days, although this period can be extended by agreement. The written response must show what actions have been taken or are planned in relation to each risk or control weakness identified. If action is not to be taken this must also be stated. The Audit Manager is responsible for assessing whether the manager's response is adequate.

Where deemed necessary, the Internal Audit report will be subject to a follow-up, normally within six months of its issue, in order to ascertain whether the action stated by management in their response to the report has been implemented.

The Audit Manager will:

- Submit periodic reports to the Audit Committee summarising key findings of reviews and the results of follow-ups undertaken;
- Submit an Annual Internal Audit Report to the Audit Committee, incorporating an opinion on the Council's control environment, which will also inform the Annual Governance Statement.

Relationship with the Audit Committee

The Council's Audit Committee will act as the Board as defined in the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS),

The Specific Functions of the Audit Committee are set out in the Council's Constitution (Part 3 Delegation Scheme).

The Audit Manager will assist the Committee in being effective and in meeting its obligations. To facilitate this, the Audit Manager will:

- Attend meetings, and contribute to the agenda;
- Ensure that it receives, and understands, documents that describe how Internal Audit will fulfil its objectives (e.g. the Audit Strategy, annual work programmes, progress reports);
- Report the outcomes of internal audit work, in sufficient detail to allow the committee to understand what assurance it can take from that work and/or what unresolved risks or issues it needs to address;
- Establish if anything arising from the work of the committee requires consideration of changes to the audit plan, and vice versa;
- Present an annual report on the effectiveness of the system of internal audit;
- Present an annual internal audit report including an overall opinion on the governance, risk and control framework.

Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme

The PSIAS states that a quality assurance and improvement programme must be developed; the programme should be informed by both internal and external assessments.

An external assessment must be conducted at least once in five years by a suitably qualified, independent assessor.

In December 2016, the Head of Assurance for Hertfordshire Shared Internal Audit Service completed an external validation of the Partnership. They concluded that;

"It is our overall opinion that the Devon Audit Partnership **generally conforms*** to the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards, including the Definition of Internal Auditing, the Code of Ethics and the Standards".

* **Generally Conforms** – This is the top rating and means that the internal audit service has a charter, policies and processes that are judged to be in conformance to the Standards

Charter - Non Conformance and Review

Any instances of non conformance with the Internal Audit Definition, Code of Conduct or the Standards must be reported to the Audit Committee, and in significant cases consideration given to inclusion in the Annual Governance Statement.

The Audit Manager will advise the Audit Committee on behalf of the Council on the content of the Charter and the need for any subsequent amendment. The Charter should be approved and regularly reviewed by the Audit Committee.

Devon Audit Partnership

August 2018

Auditing for achievement

South Hams District Council Internal Audit Strategy

Introduction

Internal Audit is a statutory service in the context of The Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2015, which state:

5.—(1) A relevant authority must undertake an effective internal audit to evaluate the effectiveness of its risk management, control and governance processes, taking into account public sector internal auditing standards (PSIAS) or guidance

In addition, the Local Government Act 1972, Section 151, requires every local authority to designate an officer to be responsible for the proper administration of its financial affairs. In the Council, the Strategic Finance Lead, Strategy & Commissioning, is the 'Section 151 Officer'. One of the ways in which this duty is discharged is by maintaining an adequate and effective internal audit service.

The PSIAS refers to the role of Chief Internal Auditor, and requires this officer to ensure and deliver a number of key elements to support the internal audit arrangements. For South Hams District Council, the role of Chief Internal Auditor is provided by the Devon Audit Partnership (DAP) Audit Manager via a contractual arrangement.

The PSIAS require the Audit Manager to produce an Audit Charter setting out Audit's purpose, authority and responsibility. We deliver this through our Audit Strategy, which:

- Is a high-level statement of how the internal audit service will be delivered and developed in accordance with the Charter and how it links to the organisational objectives and priorities, and
- Will communicate the contribution that Internal Audit makes to the organisation and should include:
 - Internal Audit objectives and outcomes;
 - How the Audit Manager will form and evidence their opinion on the governance, risk and control framework to support the Annual Governance Statement;
 - How Internal Audit's work will identify and address significant local and national issues and risks;
 - How the service will be provided, i.e. internally, externally, or a mix of the two;
 and
 - The resources and skills required to deliver the Strategy.
- > Should be approved, but not directed, by the Audit Committee.

The Strategy should be kept up to date with the organisation and its changing priorities.

Internal Audit Objectives and Outcomes

The primary objective of the Internal Audit team is to provide an independent and objective opinion to the Council on the governance, risk and control framework by evaluating its effectiveness in achieving the organisation's objectives through examining, evaluating and reporting on their adequacy as a contribution to the proper, economic, efficient use of resources.

To achieve this primary objective, the Council's Audit Manager aims to fulfil the statutory responsibilities for Internal Audit by:

- Identifying all of the systems, both financial and non-financial, that form the Council's control environment and governance framework, and contribute to it meeting its obligations and objectives – the 'Audit Universe';
- Creating an audit plan providing audit coverage on the higher risk areas in the Audit Universe;
- Undertaking individual audit reviews, to the standards set by the PSIAS, to independently evaluate the effectiveness of internal control;
- Providing managers with an opinion on, and recommendations to improve, the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes as to:
- Providing managers with advice and consultancy on risk management, control and governance processes;
- Liaising with the Council's external auditors to ensure efficient use of scarce audit resources through the avoidance of duplication wherever possible; and
- Providing the Council, through the Audit Committee, with an opinion on governance, risk and control framework as a contribution to the System of Internal Control and Annual Governance Statement.

Opinion on the Governance, Risk and Control Framework

As stated above, one of the key objectives of Internal Audit is to communicate to management an independent and objective opinion on the governance, risk and control framework, and to prompt management to implement agreed actions.

Should any critical issues be identified during the course of the audit work, the Audit Manager will report matters to the Section 151 Officer and Senior Leadership Team for consideration and to enable any necessary action to be taken. Regular formal meetings should also be held to discuss issues arising and other matters.

The Audit Manager will report progress against the annual audit plan and any emerging issues and risks to the Audit Committee.

The Audit Manager will also provide a written annual report to the Audit Committee timed to support their recommendation to approve the Annual Governance Statement to the Council.

The Audit Manager's annual report to the Audit Committee will:

(a) Include an opinion on the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the Council's

- governance, risk and control framework;
- (b) Disclose any qualifications to that opinion, together with the reasons for the qualification;
- (c) Present a summary of the audit work from which the opinion is derived, including reliance placed on work by other assurance streams;
- (d) Draw attention to any issues the Audit Manager judges particularly relevant to the preparation of the Annual Governance Statement;

And for the system of internal audit:

- (e) Compare the audit work actually undertaken with the work that was planned and summarise the performance of the internal audit function against its performance measures and targets; and
- (f) Comment on compliance with the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards and communicate the results of the internal audit quality assurance programme.

Planning including Local and National Issues and Risks

The audit planning process includes the creation of, and ongoing revision of, an "audit universe". This seeks to identify all risks, systems and processes that may be subject to an internal audit review.

The audit universe will include a risk assessment scoring methodology that takes account of a number of factors including: the Council's own risk score; value of financial transactions; level of change, impact on the public; political sensitivity; when last audited; and the impact of an audit. This will inform the basis of the resources allocated to each planned audit area.

The results from the audit universe will be used in creating an annual audit plan; such a plan will take account of emerging risks at both local and national level.

Assignment planning

Further planning and risk assessment is required at the commencement of each individual audit assignment to establish the scope of the audit and the level of testing required.

Provision of Internal Audit

The Internal Audit for South Hams District Council is provided by way of a shared service arrangement with West Devon Borough Council.

The Internal Audit service is managed through a contractual arrangement with the Devon Audit Partnership. Audit delivery is predominantly delivered by a small team of in-house auditors. Past benchmarking of the cost of Internal Audit when compared with other Councils has shown that it is a cost effective service that continues to meet the requirements of its stakeholders.

The Audit Manager has established policies and procedures in an Audit Manual to guide staff in performing their duties and complying with the latest available PSIAS guidance.

The manual is regularly reviewed and updated to reflect changes in working practices and standards.

Internal Audit Performance Management and Quality Assurance

External performance assessment is discussed in the Charter at Appendix A.

The PSIAS and the Council's Audit Manual state that internal performance, quality and effectiveness should be assessed at two levels:

- > For each individual audit; and
- For the internal audit service as a whole.

The documents also state that the Audit Manager should have in place an internal performance management and quality assurance framework to demonstrate that the internal audit service is:

- (a) Meeting its aims and objectives;
- (b) Compliant with the PSIAS;
- (c) Meeting internal quality standards;
- (d) Effective, efficient, continuously improving; and
- (e) Adding value and assisting the organisation in achieving its objectives.

This internal performance management and quality assurance framework must include, but not be limited to:

- A comprehensive set of targets to measure performance. These should be regularly monitored and the progress against these targets reported appropriately;
- Seeking user feedback for each individual audit and periodically for the whole service;
- Periodic review of the service against the Strategy and the achievement of its aims and objectives. The results of this should inform the future Strategy and be reported to the Audit Committee;
- Internal quality reviews to be undertaken periodically to ensure compliance with the PSIAS; and
- An action plan to implement improvements.

The Audit Manager will closely monitor the performance of the team to ensure agreed targets are achieved.

The following table shows the key performance indicators used by the service.

Table 1: Internal Audit Key Performance Indicators

Performance Indicator		Current Target, and, Frequency of Measure
>	Achievement of the annual audit plan.	95% Quarterly
>	Percentage of draft audit reports issued within 10 working days of the completion of the audit.	95% Annually
>	Percentage of final audit reports issued within 10 working days of the discussion and agreement of the draft audit report.	95% Annually
A A A A A	Customer Survey: Responses Received; Audit Planning - Consultation; Objectives Quality of Audit Report - Clarity; Accuracy; Value; Presentation Communication - Feedback; Helpfulness; Professionalism; Timeliness.	90% Annually 90% Annually 90% Annually
\ \ \ \ \	Overall cost, with/without oncosts/recharges Average cost per audit day: direct costs, and With/without on-costs/recharges.	£ Annually £ Annually £ Annually
>	The percentage of audit reports where the agreed recommendations were satisfactorily actioned, or follow up indicator to align with other audit teams to be agreed later with the Chairman and reported to the Committee.	90% Annually

Once collated the indicators must be reported to the S.151 Officer on either a quarterly or annual basis in line with collection and to the Audit Committee quarterly and/or annually. Performance indicators should be presented with prior year's equivalent to aid comparison.

Performance indicators or targets may be amended from time to time with the prior agreement of the Audit Committee.

Resources and Skills

Resources

The PSIAS and the Council's Audit Manual states that:

- Internal Audit must be appropriately staffed in terms of numbers, grades, qualifications and experience, having regard to its responsibilities and objectives, or have access to the appropriate resources;
- > The Internal Audit service shall be managed by an appropriately qualified professional with wide experience of internal audit and of its management; and
- The Audit Manager should be of the calibre reflecting the responsibilities arising from the need to liaise with members, senior management and other professionals, and be suitably experienced.

The Internal Audit team, shared with West Devon Borough Council consists of 2 whole time posts; the team is managed through a contractual arrangement with the Devon Audit Partnership.

Specialist Areas

From time to time, additional resources will be brought in to provide assurance on certain specialist areas such as Value Added Tax (VAT) and Income Tax (PAYE) at the discretion of the S.151 Officer in consultation with the Audit Manager.

Dealing with resource issues (such as instances of Alleged Fraud &Corruption)

The main threat to completing the targeted % of the annual audit plan is the requirement for Internal Audit to investigate fraud. A contingency budget is built into the audit plan to provide cover for such eventualities, as well as other unexpected tasks such as advice to managers on control or internal financial regulations, contributions to the setting up of new systems or unexpected additional work on planned audits.

In extreme cases the contingency budget may prove insufficient for large scale investigations. In the circumstances where this occurs and where there is likely to be an impact on the remainder of the annual audit, the Audit Manager must discuss the situation with the S.151 Officer to enable a decision to be made. Such a decision may be to seek additional temporary resources, to defer audits to a future year or other solutions. The same comment applies to other staffing shortages brought about by long term sickness absence, vacant posts etc.

Skills

The Audit Managers duty is to recruit staff with the appropriate professional background, personal qualities and potential. He or she is responsible for ensuring that up-to-date job descriptions exist that reflect roles and responsibilities and that person specifications define the required qualifications, competencies, skills, experience and personal attributes.

Internal Audit staff must also be properly trained to fulfil all their responsibilities. The Audit Manager will periodically assess individual auditors against these predetermined skills and competencies using the Council's formal appraisal system.

Any training or development needs identified will be included in an appropriate ongoing development programme that is recorded and regularly reviewed and monitored both within and outside of the appraisal process. Time will be allowed within the annual audit plan to allow internal audit staff to receive the relevant training.

In addition, the Audit Manager will allocate work to reflect the skills and experience required for the specific task, although it is essential that a balance is struck between knowledge and client relationships built through continuity and the need for audit staff to develop by auditing areas that they have not previously covered.

In some circumstances, there may be a skill shortage within the Internal Audit team as a whole e.g. specialist audit areas such as technical computer audit. Where this applies the advice of specialists should be sought from within the Council, from colleagues at Devon Audit Partnership or other neighbouring Councils or the external auditor.

Devon Audit Partnership

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Auditing for achievement